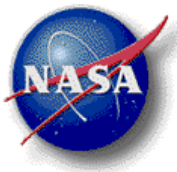


Linux 101 Support Q&A

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3/31/22



Purpose

NCCS staff will go over some basic helpdesk FAQs and then answer basic linux questions proposed by the user community.

Agenda



FAQs

- Why does my sftp/scp disconnect without transferring any files?
- Why are my shells so slow at startup?
- Why is my environment broken?
- How do I use my storage on Discover or ADAPT

sftp/scp disconnects without transferring any files

Discover:

- First thing to check: the "bastion" node Proxy command config or Winscp config (depends on client OS). Please refer to the following links for proper command:
 - <https://www.nccs.nasa.gov/nccs-users/instructional/logging-in/bastion-host>

For windows:

- <https://www.nccs.nasa.gov/nccs-users/instructional/using-discover/file-transfer/local-to-nccs-systems>
- Second thing to check: Your user environment on discover.
 - You can not print ("echo", "module list" to STDOUT) from within your .login/.profile/.cshrc/.tcshrc/.bashrc (or other shell init based on your default shell). This interrupts communication with the sftp/scp client and is a well documented issue (google the error message).

Module env changes upon opening a new shell and shell slow upon startup

- module commands **should not** be placed in `.bashrc` or `.cshrc/.tcshrc`. See "man csh" or "man bash" regarding which files and which order are sourced in shell invocation.
- If there is a set of modules you commonly use, put those module commands into a separate file and source that file (`bash "."` or "source", `tcsh/csh "source"`) when needed.
- Modules needed for interactive use should really only be loaded sourced from your `.login/.profile/.bash_profile` (again depends on shell, see the man page for the order and which file to use).

Broken Env

- Don't simply copy someone else's `.cshrc/.login/.tcshrc/.bashrc/.profile`.
- You need to understand that anything you put in your shell init can effect running work on the cluster as well as interactive access.
- You need to understand what you are adding to your shell initialization (`man bash/man csh` depending on your default shell or the shell you may be using in your batch/shell scripts).

Using storage on Discover or ADAPT

- Home directories are small (1-5GB). Access via \$HOME environment variable or /home/<username> link.
- NOBACKUP (or personal scratch space) should be accessed via either the \$NOBACKUP environment variable or system specific link:
 - Discover: /discover/nobackup/<username>
 - ADAPT: /adapt/nobackup/people/<username> - (note this path changed recently, stop using “/att” paths)
 - ***DON'T*** use paths that start with /gpfs in either environment. Those are GPFS mount paths and might change, the link paths are there to use in soft links or scripts/code so that when user data is migrated from one filesystem to another your code doesn't break.

Discover specific storage docs:

<https://www.nccs.nasa.gov/nccs-users/instructional/using-discover/file-system-storage>

ADAPT specific storage docs:

<https://www.nccs.nasa.gov/nccs-users/instructional/adapt-instructional/storage>

Q&A

Link

<https://ryanstutorials.net/linuxtutorial/>

Please read through the link before submitting basic linux questions to:

`support@nccs.nasa.gov`